Director named for community action project

by Darryl Landau

Booker T. Middleton, instructor in statistics and urban economics at the University of Missouri-St. Louis, has been named director of the National Student Volunteer Action Program (UYA) project at UMSL. UYA is a federally-funded program designed to increase academic credit while working full-time in the field with businesses and local community development organizations. The project, initiated by the National Student Volunteer Action Program (UYA), is a federal agency created last year to administer federal Government volunteer programs including the Peace Corps, VISTA and the National Student Volunteer Action Program (UYA). UMSL is one of only 24 universities selected to participate in UYA.

Currently, 33 UMSL students are involved in the program working at more than 15 different businesses and community organizations in the St. Louis area. As director of field activities, Middleton is responsible for coordinating operations at the various job locations. Specifically, he supervises students on the job, provides technical assistance to students and management personnel, and serves as a liaison, synchronizing the academic resources of UMSL with the actual needs of the participating organizations.

Before joining the faculty at UMSL, Middleton was an equal employment officer with the U. S. Employment Opportunity Commission in St. Louis and prior to that was business manager at Sophie Incorporated.

Middleton is also vice president of Metropolitan Research Systems Incorporated, a consulting firm in St. Louis composed of five Black urbanologists. The firm offers consulting services to regulatory agencies, educational institutions and urban businesses.

He received a bachelor's degree in economics and political science from Elmhurst College, Elmhurst, Illinois and a master's degree in urban affairs from St. Louis University.

Grass' fever subject of study

The issue of marijuana smoking raises more questions than any other of our times. Individual opinions range from outright rejection to passionate support. Everyone is willing to take a stand on one side or the other but virtually without a shred of factual evidence to support their claim. Dr. Charles Lewis, a medical student at the University Health Center, stands apart from and above the controversy in his attempt to do research on the possible allergic implications of marijuana smoking. He is a M. D. from the Washington University School of Medicine. Between his private practice and work at the Health Center, Dr. Lewis is working at the Allergy Department at St. Louis University with Dr. Raymond Slavens.

Recent studies of marijuana have revealed that certain respiratory allergic reactions may be noted in marijuana smokers. Following through on these initial findings, Dr. Lewis designed a pilot field study which would test this specific aspect of marijuana. The project was approved by the Committee for Research Involving Human Subjects and students in the Biology Department have been serving as subjects. Each subject is told the reason for the experiment and must sign a consent form. Then a medical history, allergy history, and a marijuana smoking history is taken. Subjects are given both marijuana and delta 8 and delta 9 THC to smoke and their reactions are noted. The confidentially of every subject is assured. Only Dr. Lewis can identify the subjects, all of which are assigned numbers. After the study is completed, the file will be destroyed. At this time, Dr. Lewis is very interested in trying to find people who experience sudden high after smoking. This is over and above the normal sensitization of the throat or coughing after having smoked a lot.

The results of his work are promising. The few significant results from this study. Dr. Lewis will apply for a federal grant to perform a much larger study on the same topic. He can be contacted at the Student Health Center.

November 16, 1972 - Issue 156

University of Missouri-St. Louis

News Briefs

A referendum on the Admissions policy will be held on December 4, 5 and 6.

To publicize the issue, an open forum will be held on Friday, December 1 from 12:30 to 2:30 in 100 Clark Hall.

The president of the Board of Curators and the President of the University, have been invited to define the present policy.

A delegation will meet with the Chancellor on Wednesday, November 22, at 10:30 to present the petition signatures collected, and to invite him and the head of the Admissions Office to the forum. All are invited. Meet outside the Chancellor's office on the second floor of Benton Hall.

UMSL is once again planning a ski trip to Jackson Hole, Wyoming, largely because of the enthusiasm generated during last year's trip and scenic splendor and entertainment opportunities of the area. The group leaves on a chartered bus January 7th and returns January 14th.

The University of Missouri now is permitting the use of Master Charge and BankAmericard credit cards for the purchase of goods and services from the University and its four campuses. Students may use the charge service for paying fees and buying books and other supplies.

Trips planned for Jackson Hole

by Debbie White

UMSL is once again planning a ski trip to Jackson Hole, Wyoming, largely because of the enthusiasm generated during last year's trip and scenic splendor and entertainment opportunities of the area.

The group leaves on a chartered bus January 7th and returns January 14th. The stop-off point on the way to Jackson Hole will be Denver, Colorado, as much for its popularity as for its strategic location. One night will be spent in Denver, then the group will continue on to Jackson Hole the next day.

A variety of activities are planned, including parties, night-time entertainment, snowmobiling through Yellowstone National Park, cross-country skiing, and a special treat -- midnight skidding. Those who have never been on skis are especially urged to come and try their luck, as every beginner is guaranteed ski lessons at no extra cost. Even those who have no interest in skiing would find the excursion to Jackson Hole unforgettable. The ecological wonderworld nestled in the West is just as fantastic in the winter as it is any time of the year, with its mountains, wild animals in their natural habitats, and wide-open spaces.

Accommodations will be at a first class motel -- couples may request private rooms. Also, bus transportation will be provided to and from the motel. Cost to the individual is $145.00, which includes one night in Denver, five nights in Jackson Hole, and breakfast every morning. It also covers the cost of five days of ski lifts, the latest model ski equipment, and planned night-time entertainment. The trip is open to everyone who is interested, including those who are not students at UMSL.

Partial payments may be made now to the University Officer of Finance. Anyone interested in more details about the trip may contact Rick Blanton, University Activities Director, room 262 of the University Center.

Indefinite date for chancellor selection

Dr. C. Brice Ralphford, president of the University of Missouri-St. Louis, has appointed a committee of eight to suggest candidates for the position of chancellor of UMSL. The committee is comprised of two students, three faculty members, two staff members and an associate. The committee was created on September 22.

Ralphford has instructed the committee to suggest not less than three nominees for the chancellorship. Members of the committee have solicited recommendations from the faculty, the student body, the community, and educational leaders.

Candidates have been sought from both private and public institutions. "The position will not be filled without the committee's approval," Ralphford said.

"The duties of the chancellor include a wide range of activities both on and off campus," said Robert Sullivan, chairman of the committee. "These include advising academic leadership and developing attention to the university's possibilities for development. The chancellor must focus his thinking on what the university is and what it ought to be."

"A wide academic background and some administrative experience were qualities that Sullivan felt were necessary to perform the duties of Chancellor. "An interest in relating UMSL to the outside community and to maintain open communication with students and faculty are essential," Sullivan said. "It is also important to be able to cope with the problems of a public university as opposed to a private system.""

The salary offered to UMSL's chancellor is approximately $31,500 a year. Fringe benefits of the position include a car and a residence. Dr. Everitt W. Walters is presently acting as interim chancellor.

Dr. Sullivan described the work of the committee as a "difficult task. We've built up a huge file and the hardest part is screening the names and agreeing on the strongest candidates. A lot of correspondence was involved in composing the files. Members of the committee have had long conversations with several university presidents. Some of us went to Washington, D.C. and Miami to consult with higher education associations.""

The student members of the committee are Greg Burns, student body president and Beverly Williams, a senior in business administration at UMSL. Some of the committee members have no interest in skiing. The group leaves on a chartered bus January 7th and returns January 14th. The stop-off point on the way to Jackson Hole will be Denver, Colorado, as much for its popularity as for its strategic location. One night will be spent in Denver, then the group will continue on to Jackson Hole the next day.

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<th>Date</th>
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<tr>
<td>NOVEMBER 16, THURSDAY</td>
<td>7:00-9:30PM</td>
<td>Judo Club-Men's Beginner &amp; Advanced Classes</td>
<td>272 U Center</td>
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<td></td>
<td>8:00PM</td>
<td>1st Concert St Louis Philharmonic Kiel Opera House</td>
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<td>NOVEMBER 17, FRIDAY</td>
<td>7:30PM</td>
<td>&quot;Meet the Rivermen&quot; Nite Admission Free-Features Intra Squad Basketball scrimmage</td>
<td>Penny Auditorium</td>
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<td>PF Coffeehouse U Cen Lounge</td>
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<td>Georgio Tozzi, Bass-Bari-Tone Recital (PACE) Penny</td>
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<td>Concert: Dick &amp; Anne Albin U Cen Lounge</td>
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<td>NOVEMBER 18, SATURDAY</td>
<td>1:00PM</td>
<td>Anti-War Demonstration Downtown, 14th &amp; Olive</td>
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<td>NOVEMBER 19, SUNDAY</td>
<td>2:00-4:30PM</td>
<td>Judo Club-Women's Beginner &amp; Advanced Classes</td>
<td>272 U Center</td>
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<td>3:00PM</td>
<td>University Orchestra Penny</td>
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<td>NOVEMBER 20, MONDAY</td>
<td>2:40PM</td>
<td>Christian Science Organization 272 U Center</td>
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<td>7:00-9:30PM</td>
<td>Judo Club-Mixed Practice</td>
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<td>NOVEMBER 21, TUESDAY</td>
<td>8:00PM</td>
<td>Demonstration Against Air Force Recruiters, SDS, Time ???:??</td>
<td>Penny Auditorium</td>
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<td>12:40PM</td>
<td>&quot;Heroic Materialism&quot; 100 Luc.</td>
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<td>NOVEMBER 22, WEDNESDAY</td>
<td>7:00PM</td>
<td>Collection for Cairo U Center</td>
<td>Penny Auditorium</td>
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<td>NOVEMBER 23, THURSDAY</td>
<td>11:45AM</td>
<td>Lecture: Alex Haley Penney &quot;The Smile of Reason&quot; 12:40PM</td>
<td>Penny Auditorium</td>
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<tr>
<td>NOVEMBER 24, FRIDAY</td>
<td>5:45PM</td>
<td>Inter-collegiate Ice Hockey, UMSL Club vs ST LOUIS U CLUB.</td>
<td>Penny Auditorium</td>
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**TOPIC:** "What Next For Black America?"
**'Blue hand' thwarts crime**

*by Eileen Chinsky*

The “blue hand” hopes to leave its mark in the St. Louis area (both city and county). The “blue hand” is the symbol of Operation Ident. This is a program which encourages individuals to mark their personal and business goods with their drivers license number. Television, radios, typewriters, bicycles, hand tools and car stereos are just a few of the articles that should be marked.

To mark these goods a citizen may borrow an electric engraving tool from any St. Louis Police Community relations officer. All district police stations and the Women’s Crusade Against Crime. Arrangements are being made to make the marking tool available from local firehouses also.

In addition to marking their property it is also suggested that “blue hand” warning markers be posted in areas where a burglar might seek entry. The marker tells a prospective burglar that the items inside that building or automobile have been marked for identification. Having goods so marked makes it more difficult to “fence”.

Use of the drivers’ license number, plus date of its expiration is recommended because of easy retrieval by police.

In the St. Louis area Operation Ident is being sponsored by the Women’s Crusade Against Crime. This group an outgrowth of a west central organization of women formed to “upgrade the quality of living” in their area with beautification and sanitation as a starting point. In addition, they sought more police protection and more close rapport with the police officers of their district. They began to assist as Block Watchers, in conjunction with the Police-Community Relations Department and to aid Juvenile justice by close liaison with the judge and the officials of the Juvenile Court.

**Birth control info dispensed**

*by Mary Vernille*

The UMSL Student Health Center presently provides birth control information to unmarried, as well as married students.

“Although I can’t quote any exact figures, there are probably more unmarried students asking for birth control information,” said Mrs. Susan McNary, a Registered Nurse, and Head Nurse of the Student Health Office.

“Both,” she said, “the percentage of students requesting birth control information is not very high.”

The Student Health Office, located in the Administration Building, is designed to offer free medical advice to UMSL students. We are open to students,” said Mrs. McNary, “and one of our biggest jobs is counselling students. If a student comes in asking for advice or information on birth control methods, we provide that information.”

Two physicians, P. Shanahan, M.D., and C. Lewis, M.D., work part-time in the Health Center, and patients are seen by them. They can weight the pros and cons with the students. The most important thing is that the student gets to hear an unbiased opinion,” said Mrs. McNary.

The Student Health Office will not give out any birth control materials or devices, but will refer students to other agencies or private doctors. We have a very long list of referrals,” said Mrs. McNary. “Where we refer a student to, depends on the situation.”

The Counselling Office provides the same service as the Health Office. “We will counsel students and refer them,” said Karen Walker, a counselor, “but we cannot prescribe birth control materials for them. That must be done by a doctor.”

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Graduate fellowships for Black Americans, Mexican-Americans, and Puerto Ricans for the 1973-74 academic year will be available through Ford Foundation and the National Fellowship Fund. The fellowship programs, for a maximum of four years, are for students who plan to pursue full-time study toward a doctorate degree in arts and sciences, or who hold a first professional degree and plan to continue through the doctoral level in preparation for a career in higher education.

Deadline for application is January 5.

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Dr. Monroe Strickberger will present a seminar entitled “Evolution and Religion” at 7:30 Thursday evening, Nov. 16 in room 101, Statter Hall. The seminar is sponsored by the Biology Association for Teachers.

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**PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY**

9th Anniversary Memorial Eucharist -- Noon, WED., Nov. 22

8200 Natural Bridge (Newman) -- Luncheon Follows
Human Rights -- UN vs US

After reading Mr. Braun's (UMLX) article "United Nations Destroys Human Rights", I was compelled to reply to his inaccurate interpretation of the facts. Mr. Braun's connection between the UN Charter and the destruction of the "human rights" of the Kantoans is obvious at best. As we can easily see from our own constitution, verbage is only as good as the people who interpret it, the people who enforce it, and especially in the case of the UN, the people who created it. The UN is an organization of consensus and until recently, the United States Government has been able to manipulate votes in the UN and use the UN as an instrument of its own military and political power. You can be sure that the UN would not have been in the Congo if our government hadn't supported the venture.

While we're talking about destroying human rights, I can list several examples where the United States, with its noble Constitution and Bill of Rights, is doing just that. Viet Nam is the best and most obvious example. The United States also supports the dictatorships in Greece and the racist policies of Portugal in Angola and Mozambique. Our government supplies weapons designed to

The quest for justice

in the United States

1776 Declaration of Independence: "We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal."

1789 Constitution of the U.S.: "Representative and direct taxes shall be determined by adding to the number of free persons... three fifths of all other persons..."

1857 Dred Scott Decision: "The only matter before the court is whether the descendants of such slaves... are citizens. We think not... they had no rights which the white man was bound to respect." Chief Justice Roger B. Taney

1863 Emancipation Proclamation: "As of January 1, 1863, all persons held as slaves... shall be then, thenceforward and forever free; and the Executive Government of the United States, including the military and naval authority thereof, will recognize and maintain the freedom of such persons." Abraham Lincoln

1868 14th Amendment: "All persons born or naturalized in the United States... are citizens." (UMLX)

1896 Separate but Equal Doctrine: "You are heaping on yourselves a future of terror... our Constitution is color blind." Desegregation Justice John Marshall Harlan, Plessy v. Ferguson

1954 Brown v. Board of Education. "We conclude that in the field of public education... separate but equal has no place in the Constitution." Supreme Court Decision

1964 Civil Rights Act: "The Act as finally adopted was the most comprehensive undertaking to prevent, eliminate, and remedy the segregation and discrimination in voting as well as in places of accommodation and public facilities, federally secured programs and the area of housing, and an employment." Justice Tom Clark, Civil Rights Act Petition Court Opinion

1955 "You do not wipe away the tears of centuries by saying: 'Now you are free.' It is not enough to open the gates of opportunity. All my citizens must have the ability to walk through those gates. This is the next and more profound state of the battle for freedom." Robert Johnson

1986 Race prejudice has shaped our history decisively. It now threatens to affect our future." National Advisory Commission on Civil Disorders

Pam

Chapter... of the John Birch Society)

Page 1954... 1964... Mr. Braun's connection between the... the people who... especially in the case of the UN, the people who... The UN is an organization of consensus and until recently, the United States Government has been able to manipulate votes in the GA and use the UN as an instrument of its own military and political power. You can be sure that the UN would not have been in the Congo if our government hadn't supported the venture.

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The quest for justice

in the United Nations

1945 UN Charter. "To promote and encourage universal respect for, and observance of, human rights and fundamental freedoms for all, without distinction as to race, sex, language, or religion."

1948 Universal Declaration of Human Rights. "All human beings are born free and equal in dignity and rights."


1960 Declaration on the granting of independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples. "To transfer all powers to the peoples of those territories... without any distinction as to race, creed or color..."

1963 Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination. "... Any doctrine of racial differentiation or superiority is scientifically false, morally condemnable, socially unjust and dangerous..."—also it "harms not only those who are its objects but also those who practice it."

1965 International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination. "... Discrimination between human beings on the grounds of race, color or ethnic origin is an obstacle to friendly relations among nations and to the peace of the world and has sought to increase the student bus service. Bikes are best and cheaper, in all ways, than cars. Perhaps the business office should subsidize bikes.

Dr. Schwartz on his bike.

LETTERS

voc populi, voc dei

Dear Editor,

I read with a great interest the letter of Printz and Ferguson (UMLX, November 2) that proposed a cut in parking rates. I am responding because their proposed reduction included faculty parking rates as well.

If one considers the pollution, noise, and danger created by automobiles, as well as the facts that the campus is dominated by parking facilities of every sort, one is led inexorably to the conclusion that parking rates should be raised (say by 50%) in order to encourage a man breathing means of transportation. For instance, the admission requirement could be used to subsidize and increase the student bus service.

Yours truly,

Alan Schwartz
Math Dept.

Ed. Note:

Bikes are best and cheaper, in all ways, than cars. Perhaps the business office should subsidize bikes.

Dr. Schwartz on his bike.

Letter to the Editor

Dear Editor,

Another flaw in the university's validation of the admissions tests is that the validation data for all four campuses was combined. The EOCP parallel requires that an employer demonstrate that jobs in a "multinational organization" are equivalent before combining them for validation purposes. The "job" of being a student at UMR is undoubtedly more loaded with mathematical demands than the "job" of being a student at the other campuses. Any applicant to UMSL, UMKC, or UMC who is lower in mathematical than in verbal ability (relative to the other applicants) is adversely affected by the inclusion of the UMR validation data. Conversely, the validity of the admissions tests for UMR is more adversely affected by the other data from the other campuses.

As a University community claiming to support all students, including the inner city, UMSL may have an obligation to admit members of minority groups despite a lower predicted GPA. This is a completely separate decision than the decision to use tests properly, a decision which cannot be made on an arm's length basis, but could be made more intelligently after such analysis.

Steven D. Norton
Assistant Professor of Management and Psychology
Opinion: UN Destroys Human Rights

Continued from last issue

The words of laws and constitutions are not what is really the most important in regards to human rights. The chief question is the origin of human rights. The founders of this country believed that they were God given and inalienable; therefore, no one should tamper with them and no one could take them away. Now if we operate under the assumption that the State grants man's rights, then it is not surprising that the State can take them away. In the U.N. concept these rights are given by the State. Article 6 says: "The States parties to this Covenant recognize that in the enjoyment of those rights provided by the State, they are subject to such limitations as are deemed by law." Enough for the theory. Let's take a look at what the U.N. actually has done in the areas of human rights. We already have one clear case on the records of a U.N. violation of human rights -- the so called "peace-keeping" operation in the Congo from 1960 to 1963.

The information I am about to present doesn't come from sources hostile to the U.N. It comes directly from U.N. official records or from the books written by U.N. officials directly engaged in this operation. I will be brief here so I suggest you check out some of these books yourself later. In 1960 the Congo was granted its freedom from Belgium. Almost immediately the nation was plunged into chaos, anarchy, and revolution. This was a result primarily of Communist agitation to bring about this precise result under the leadership of Patrice Lumumba, who was the elected head of the Central congoese government. The control of the central government moved back and forth among various factions and the civil turmoil of the Congo grew worse. One province of the Congo decided they weren't going to have this chaos -- this was Katanga. Under the leadership of Moise Tshombe, who was very strongly in favor of a government similar to the limited constitutional republic we are supposed to have under the American Constitution and also very strongly anti-communist, Katanga seceded from the Congo in accordance with the U.N. Charter and Article 1 of the Covenant on Human Rights, which guarantees to all people the right of self-determination. The Katanganese throw out the agitators and restored order to their new country.

About this time, Lumumba called in U.N. "peace-keeping" troops. Where did these troops go? To the provinces of the Congo that were in turmoil? No, not many, most went to the peaceful province of Katanga. Why were they needed there? They had been told by Katanga that they were not needed or wanted. So why did they come? Conor Cruise O'Brien was assigned to the Congo by Dag Hammarskjold to personally supervise the operations there. He has written a book about it. Here is a man that was very pro-U.N. and still is. The most important fact is that he spoke with authority since he was there. He writes about a meeting of the chief men who were the planners and advisors on the Congo: "The Afro-African thesis—that the secession of Katanga would have to be ended, and that the U.N. would have to help actively in ending it—was tacitly accepted rough the table, and not by the whites than by the others. What mattered most to all of them was that the U.N. should emerge successfully from its Congo ordeal, and it was clearly seen that a condition of success was the speedy removal of the props of Mr. Tshombe's regime, thereby making possible the restoration of the unity of the Congo. The United Nations had insisted that independent state of Katanga was recognized as a threat to the existence of the U.N.... This was no example of victory, of international loyalty over personal predilections. If neutral men were simply men who put the interests of the U.N. first, then Hammarskjold and all around him at that table were neutral men." (To Katanga and Back, p. 58)

Before and after the U.N. troops entered Katanga, the U.N. officials said over and over that the troops would not attempt to interfere with the secession or the purely internal affairs of the Congo. They said they were merely there to keep all of them (do some reading on your own) it is clear that these were deliberate lies designed to hide from the world the true reason of the U.N. forces in Katanga. How did they actually end the secession? At four o'clock in the morning the U.N. troops launched a surprise attack on Elisabethville, capital of Katanga, with jets, mortars, machine guns and small arms fire. They bombed hospitals, post offices, Red Cross buildings, vehicles and killed hundreds of civilians. The U.N. troops even went into home after home killing and plundering the civilian population. Sound unbelievable? It sure did to the pro-U.N. civilian doctors of Elisabethville.

There were 46 in all, none of whom had a political axe to grind. They just didn't like the atrocities being committed. They have produced a book about it called 46 Angry Men (Western Islands, Belmont, Mass. 02178) While the U.N. was pursuing its objectives they sent a telegram to President Kennedy, Pope John, and some fourteen other leading dignitaries around the world: "SO TO THE MORAL CONSCIENCE OF THE WORLD---BEFORE YOU INTERVENE WITH ALL YOUR AUTHORITY TO STOP THE TERRORIST BOMBARDMENT OF HOSPITALS AND CIVILIAN POPULATIONS BY UNO."

The United Nations did destroy the Congo. Is that the end of the story? Is the world better off because of the U.N.? Is the existence of the U.N. a good thing or bad thing? We already have the answers to these questions. The U.N. concept these troops go? To the provinces of the Congo that were in turmoil? No, not many, most went to the peaceful province of Katanga. Why were they needed there? They had been told by Katanga that they were not needed or wanted. So why did they come? Conor Cruise O'Brien was assigned to the Congo by Dag Hammarskjold to personally supervise the operations there. He has written a book about it. Here is a man that was very pro-U.N. and still is. The most important fact is that he spoke with authority since he was there. He writes about a meeting of the chief men who were the planners and advisors on the Congo: "The Afro-African thesis—that the secession of Katanga would have to be ended, and that the U.N. would have to help actively in ending it—was tacitly accepted rough the table, and not by the whites than by the others. What mattered most to all of them was that the U.N. should emerge successfully from its Congo ordeal, and it was clearly seen that a condition of success was the speedy removal of the props of Mr. Tshombe's regime, thereby making possible the restoration of the unity of the Congo. The United Nations had insisted that independent state of Katanga was recognized as a threat to the existence of the U.N.... This was no example of victory, of international loyalty over personal predilections. If neutral men were simply men who put the interests of the U.N. first, then Hammarskjold and all around him at that table were neutral men." (To Katanga and Back, p. 58)

Before and after the U.N. troops entered Katanga, the U.N. officials said over and over that the troops would not attempt to interfere with the secession or the purely internal affairs of the Congo. They said they were merely there to keep all of them (do some reading on your own) it is clear that these were deliberate lies designed to hide from the world the true reason of the U.N. forces in Katanga. How did they actually end the secession? At four o'clock in the morning the U.N. troops launched a surprise attack on Elisabethville, capital of Katanga, with jets, mortars, machine guns and small arms fire. They bombed hospitals, post offices, Red Cross buildings, vehicles and killed hundreds of civilians. The U.N. troops even went into home after home killing and plundering the civilian population. Sound unbelievable? It sure did to the pro-U.N. civilian doctors of Elisabethville.

There were 46 in all, none of whom had a political axe to grind. They just didn't like the atrocities being committed. They have produced a book about it called 46 Angry Men (Western Islands, Belmont, Mass. 02178) While the U.N. was pursuing its objectives they sent a telegram to President Kennedy, Pope John, and some fourteen other leading dignitaries around the world: "SO TO THE MORAL CONSCIENCE OF THE WORLD---BEFORE YOU INTERVENE WITH ALL YOUR AUTHORITY TO STOP THE TERRORIST BOMBARDMENT OF HOSPITALS AND CIVILIAN POPULATIONS BY UNO."

The United Nations did destroy the Congo. Is that the end of the story? Is the world better off because of the U.N.? Is the existence of the U.N. a good thing or bad thing? We already have the answers to these questions. The U.N. concept these troops go? To the provinces of the Congo that were in turmoil? No, not many, most went to the peaceful province of Katanga. Why were they needed there? They had been told by Katanga that they were not needed or wanted. So why did they come? Conor Cruise O'Brien was assigned to the Congo by Dag Hammarskjold to personally supervise the operations there. He has written a book about it. Here is a man that was very pro-U.N. and still is. The most important fact is that he spoke with authority since he was there. He writes about a meeting of the chief men who were the planners and advisors on the Congo: "The Afro-African thesis—that the secession of Katanga would have to be ended, and that the U.N. would have to help actively in ending it—was tacitly accepted rough the table, and not by the whites than by the others. What mattered most to all of them was that the U.N. should emerge successfully from its Congo ordeal, and it was clearly seen that a condition of success was the speedy removal of the props of Mr. Tshombe's regime, thereby making possible the restoration of the unity of the Congo. The United Nations had insisted that independent state of Katanga was recognized as a threat to the existence of the U.N.... This was no example of victory, of international loyalty over personal predilections. If neutral men were simply men who put the interests of the U.N. first, then Hammarskjold and all around him at that table were neutral men." (To Katanga and Back, p. 58)
LETTERS:
vox populi, vox dei

Dear Editor:
Answering letter from Mr. A.

"I am sure the world is aware of the motives and beha-

vior of the Arab guerrillas who car-

ried out the Munich Massacre, and I

am equally certain that this type of

lowly criminal behavior will not cre-

ate sympathy for the remaining re-

fugees, but will lessen it.

History shows that these original

refugees fled Israel in 1948 be-

cause their sympathies were with

the attacking Arab forces and they

were sure they would return as vic-

tors. Unfortunately for them, it did

not work out that way.

John Feldman

Response to Ad "Gimick"

Our class, Management of Pro-

motion, dealt with the study of how

products can be made known to the

customer. Due to the diversity of the

tag prices and the number of prod-

ucts produced, the carefully chosen

immigrant will not have a path

beaten to his door unless he can

communicate the features of his shop

to the public and demonstrate that it

is better. Also different products are

being demanded today than necessities

and goods for subsistence. Products

now include the emotional gratifi-

cation built within by packaging,

brand name, promotional efforts, and

other factors which create the total

product; one not tangible

throughout.

We, as a class, objectively stu-

dy these factors and do not ex-

press preference of one product

over another. We will submit a

copy of our findings and sugges-

tions for improvement to our spon-

sors to be judged after other uni-

versities and colleges for quality

and to compete. We hope to win a

large grant to UMSL for our

project received. Also, our findings

will be available to the general

public as the general public is in-

volved in buying these products.

We thank the many students who

have helped us by completing ques-

tionnaires with drives for compari-

son and ask for the continuing support of the student

body.

Also, we appeal to the "Current"

staff to reverse their stand and endorse our project. And check the spelling on the word gimmick!

Very truly yours,

J. C. Anderson

J. C. Roberls

A. Joseph Neiver

A. Joseph Neiver

John Johnson

Robert E. Carter

Ed Quilian

Donald Fix

Wells A. Lee

Raymond R. Adler

John Westmoreland

John E. Euillings

Al Kitta

Anderson

John C. Roberts III

Michael P. David

Denise Donovan

John T. Simmaw

A. Joseph Neiver

D. Lucas

Donald Drake

GRIEVANCE COMM.

Claritijs Double Major

Dear Editor:

A student submitted a complaint to the Grievance Committee stat-

ing that she could not get a double major even if all the required

hours were fulfilled. After investi-

gating, we discovered that the

student was misinformed and, we

thought it would be good practice

for the information along to others.

A person receives a double major when he fulfills the requiremenς

from both major departments. The

fact that he studied in two areas of

specialization (Majors) is re-

corded on his permanent record.
The person who made the com-

plaint was confused as to the dif fer-

ence between receiving two de-

grees and a double major. A de-

gree does not specify the area of

specialization. Only three under-

graduate degrees are offered by

UMSL. (B.A., B.S., and B.M.)

Linda Wurtz & Mark Kramer

To the Editor:

We undersigned students, members

of Professor George Wittwer's In-

dustrial and Labor Relations Class, wish to set the record

straight.

A letter written to the editor of the Current, and published in the October

20th issue, by James Johnson and

Paul Adams is a gross misrepresentation and distortion of the facts. Professor Witt-

wer discussed the A.B.C. - Tuskegee In-

stitute Affair in strictly an objective man-

ner. He did not encourage insubordination or any

other means shown disrespect for any

individual, group, or class of people.

on my lai...

"Tell me, sir, do you think it's possible that the U.S. Army could commit a massacre?"
Consumer research group gains foothold in city

by Ellen Cohen

"You begin to know how effective you are as a consumer protection group, when you have whistle blowers -- when anonymous people can turn to you for assistance." This was how Bob Domreese, executive director of Mo PIRG -- Missouri Public Interest Research Group, described this sign of progress -- a recognition of accomplishment and potential for action.

A small hired staff, and student members from the Washington University, St. Louis University and Fontbonne College branches of Mo PIRG operate from an apartment-turned-office at 88 Euclid.

Cardboard has replaced curtains over the entrance door, and a motley combination of chairs, sofas and coffee table surround a desk piled high with old editions of local newspapers. The shelves over a large white enameled bathtub are stacked with, not towels, but information brochures, leaflets and stationery.

A steering committee of UMSL students who are interested in officially joining the student research organization had gathered Sunday evening at the Mo PIRG to discuss progress and future endeavors.

Last spring, these students sponsored an effective and successful petition drive for campus support of Mo PIRG and received endorsement from the Student-Faculty Senate. Renowned efforts for establishing Mo PIRG on this campus have only just been picked up from where they were dropped at the end of the winter semester.

The committee is in the process of designing a proposal to the Board of Curators, explaining carefully the function of Mo PIRG and the process of becoming financially associated with the organization. The proposal of an additional $2.00 to be included in the student activities fees, which would be mandatory but refundable, would entitle UMSL to be a contributing source of funds to Mo PIRG. The university and Mo PIRG would enter into a business contract, where the university would receive a fee for collecting Mo PIRG funds.

One Year Later, the first annual progress report describes the various projects the organization has undertaken. And this young PIRG has quite a few consumer medals to pin on his chest.

The most recent project, which has attracted local attention and support for the consumer group, has been the group's interest and intervention in a bill before the Board of Aldermen concerning restaurant codes and consumer representation on the Food Service Advisory Board (See Current Issue Nov. 19). Editors in the Post-Dispatch and Globe Democrat have encouraged the Board amendments proposed by Mo PIRG. These amendments are: the maintenance of restaurant grades (A, B, C, ...) with the revised standard for sanitation, rather than just a certification of inspection, and a greater voice from consumers on the Food Service Advisory Board, which under the proposed bill would be dominated by members of the food service industry in a ratio of four-to-one.

Mo PIRG has missed the public hearings on this bill, because the bill, which seemed to lack controversy, had not warranted significant mention on the public side sheets published by the Board of Aldermen. According to Mr. Domreese, "we had been criticized for not caring sooner, but we didn't know about the hearing. What we as Mo PIRG need are full-time people at Aldermen meetings to keep extensive reports on proceedings and future issues.

Mr. Domreese also felt that it was simply "lack of representation" that worked against the consumer. All the consumers need to do is to present logical, rational arguments before the Board of Aldermen, who are perfectly willing to be receptive to their ideas.

The executive director and other professional Mo PIRG staff are hired through the funds of Mo PIRG. Since it is a student organization, the Board of Directors is composed of student members from each campus branch. It is this board that controls basic priorities for hiring, issuing of student research grants, and determining the active direction of the group. The board meshes the views and philosophies of different campus goals, while determining which projects are worthy of funding and personal resources.

That Mo PIRG is serving the community or some sector of the community is the underlying atmosphere of the group. Although it is a student organization, it is not simply concerned with campus and student interests. Mo PIRG also exists under the restraint of limited resources. Volunteer students conduct surveys, and gather potential information, individuals or groups of students who initiate their own research projects can apply for Mo PIRG summer grants. These grants support the students during the summer while they conduct their investigations, research, and they, in turn, submit their reports to Mo PIRG in the fall.

As an organization for research and lobbying purposes, Mo PIRG has been involved in over twenty projects in the past year. A Mo PIRG study in St. Louis produced a plan for the creation of an independent ombudsman -- a personal liaison between inmates and authorities to create a more cooperative and healthy atmosphere in the prison.

Mo PIRG has been investigating the adequacy of consumer protection in St. Louis and has proposed "the most comprehensive consumer protection proposal for any municipal jurisdiction in the nation.

Other consumer projects have included a report on workmen's compensation, with recommendations for expanded coverage and increased benefits; an investigation on local emergency health care; an investigation of non-rate policies of public utilities and their effects; the drafting of a model small claims court act for the Missouri Legislature; and a plan for recycling obsolete telephone directories.

"There is promise for dramatic change with Mo PIRG," Bob Domreese concluded. "Even I'm not sure I'm turning on the students when I speak to them about Mo PIRG. I know that I get more excited every time I discuss its potential."
Fine Arts

Faculty musician plays for peers

by Bill Townsend

Most professionals-regardless of their field-admit that the most difficult thing for them to do is to work in the presence of their colleagues. Their peer groups are the hardest to please because they, like no one else, are aware of the intricacies of their field.

Award-winning pianist Evelyn Mitchell—a native of Vienna, Austria—and a member of the UMSL faculty-gave a recital for her fellow music teachers in honor of the sixty-fifth annual meeting of the Missouri Music Teachers Association last Saturday evening, Nov. 11, in the Penney Auditorium. The recital of course, was open to the public free of charge.

The teachers were obviously impressed with her performance. Acknowledging the cheers of the audience at the conclusion of her recital, Miss Mitchell returned for two encores: The Dance of the Gnomes by Franz Liszt and Debussy's The Maid with Flexsome Hair.

Miss Mitchell, who was elegantly attired in a red chiffon gown, played pieces composed by Mozart, Chopin, Rachmaninoff, Schubert, Debussy, and her old friend, Paul A. Pisk.

Mozart's Sonata in E flat major, K. 382 opened her program. She demonstrated why she won the special Austrian Prize at the Chopin competition in Warsaw, Poland during her second number-—Chopin's Sonata no. 3 in B minor, Op. 58. Chopin was the first major composer whose creative life centered around the piano. Most biographers have said that Chopin is deceptively easy to play. Miss Mitchell's interpretation was very expressive and moving; she made the keyboard sing.

The second half of her recital included three Preludes by the Post-Romantic composer Rachmaninoff, an Impromptu by Romantic composer Franz Schubert, Pisk's Essay for Piano, Op. 70, No. 2, and L'Isle Joyeuse (Isle of Joy) by Claude Debussy. Both Pisk and Debussy are twentieth century composers. Paul Pisk asked Miss Mitchell to premiere his Essay last year. Saturday, she graced us with it once again.

Debussy's L'Isle Joyeuse began with an airy, mysterious tone. By listening to this introduction, one could imagine himself floating in outer space. However, Debussy's romantic exuberance wouldn't allow one theme to reign through a piece, so he drastically changed the eerie mood to a delirious, pounding force that rattled like thunder and provoked the audience to roar its approval at its conclusion.

Since arriving in St. Louis, Miss Mitchell has performed with the St. Louis Symphony Orchestra, the St. Louis Philharmonic, and the Little Symphony Orchestra. She was the guest solo artist with the symphony's outdoor concerts sponsored by UMSL for the third consecutive year. Her recital Saturday was one of a series of Faculty Recitals sponsored by the Department of Fine Arts.

In an interview Sunday she said simply, "I love to teach and I love to play." Saturday's performance was a perfect example of the native Austrian's love and feeling for her work.

Evelyn Mitchell in concert last Saturday
Current Photo by Walt Schumacher

Concert creates a beautiful night

by Mark G. Roberts

Last Friday night's concert at Kiel Auditorium was one of the best St. Louis has had in a long time. Manna, a five-man group from California, started the evening in a rhythmically combined pop-blues style that slowly enlivened the crowd for both Poco and It's A Beautiful Day. Since their coming hadn't been advertised until a few days before the concert, Manna proved to be an effective lead group through both the surprise of their being there as well as the quality of their music.

After the stage crew replaced Manna's equipment, It's A Beautiful Day came out and played 45 minutes of the most polished music in rock today, highlighted by one of the group's best known selections called "White Bird."

Carbon-arc spotlighting stayed trained on bass player Wayne Cochran and vocalist Pattie Santos as their various harmonies blended with the rest of the group's music and flowed out into the vast auditorium.

And then there was Poco. Made up of those people of the Buffalo Springfield (minus the now-famous Neil Young and Stephen Stills), Poco laid down a rapid series of songs in a country-rock formula now credited to their originating and development. The crowd stood and clapped the entire time that Poco was on stage, but when they played two of their more famous songs, "It's a Good Feelin' to Know!" and "Pick up the Pieces," they restated their continuous approval that night for what they had paid to expect—and got.
Weekend Spotlights Broadway, The Met

Georgio Tozzi, the New York Metropolitan Opera's bass-baritone, will appear in recital at 8:30 p.m. Friday, November 17, in the J.C. Penny Auditorium. Tickets are $4 for the general public and $3.00 with UMSL ID. Advance tickets are on sale now at the Information Desk.

Since his debut at the Met 16 years ago, Tozzi has developed a repertory of over 100 roles. His performance at UMSL will feature highlights from his own favorites—Figaro in The Marriage of Figaro, Don Giovanni, and the powerful monologue and hallucination scene from Morosowsky's Boris Godunov, in which Tozzi won international renown as the death-haunted Russian czar.

Other works on Tozzi's program at UMSL include Four Serious Songs by Johannes Brahms and Sea Chanties arranged by Celius Dougherty. Max Welmer will accompany Tozzi on the piano.

Theresa Wright will star in the 1971 Pulitzer Prize Play, "The Effect of Gamma Rays on Man-in-the-Moon Marigolds", by Paul Zindel, on Saturday, November 18 in Penny Auditorium, at 8:30.

"Marigolds," the most honored play of the past decade, has been awarded all of the Best-Play Awards for its author, whose second play, "And Miss Reardon Drinks a Little," was one of last season's most successful touring productions.

"Marigolds" deals with a brilliant but plain young girl dominated by an embittered mother and a beautiful and popular sister. The play won unanimous critical acclaim when it opened in New York three years ago. Clive Barnes of the New York Times compared playwright Zindel to Arthur Miller, Jerry Tallmer of The New York Post called it "a beautiful play. I don't know of a better play of its genre since "The Glass Menagerie"."

Tickets are $2 with UMSL ID and $4 without. The play is being subsidized with student activity fees.

Modern fabulist to share imagination

"Russell Edson is one of those originals who appear out of the loneliness of a vast, thronged country to create a popular, defined world," says Denise Levertov in her introduction to "The Very Thing That Happens," a book of fables and drawings by Russell Edson.

Edson will give a reading on the UMSL campus at 10:30 a.m. on Friday, November 17, in room 126 J.C. Penny.

"His art—is its syntax, its elegant dryness, its bizarre condensed events—is the unique outgrowth of an eccentric imagination, the con­solidated shell of the mind's hyper­sensitive, claustrophobic snail."

Edson is now just getting some of the acclaim he has long de­served. Unique in his style, he had to publish his first few books on his own. Recently he has had sev­eral books published by New Di­

The Effects of Gamma Rays on Man-in-the-Moon Marigolds

Saturday eve at 8:30 at Penny Aud.

The University of Missouri-St. Louis Orchestra will open its sea­son Sunday, November 19, with a varied program of classical music from the 18th through the 20th centuries. The concert, which is free and open to the public, is at 3 p.m. in the J.C. Penny Auditorium on the campus.

Under the direction of Clarence Drichta, the orchestra will perform Schubert's "Rosamunde Overture," Haydn's Symphony No. 4 in D Major," and "Devil's Overture," by Robert Muczynski.
CONCERT BLENDS THREE GROUPS

by Mike Klick

If one was to assume the role of Daniel Webster and entered the concept, "well-blended concert" in his dictionary, it would probably result in a statement like this: "A concert which was held on Oct. 23, 1972, sponsored by the St. Louis Stereo Stores presenting WISHBONE ASH, GOODTHUNDER, AND QUICKSILVER.

Wishbone Ash appeared, equipped with a quality factor of 2 creative guitarists working beautifully in musical synchronization. To have 2 lead guitarists that interrelate and never give an appearance of a musical conflict, is an asset to any musical organization. Wishbone Ash will always be remembered as one of the first groups to enrich the musical value of the electric guitar.

Good Thunder, playing the role of the "new" perspective, appeared first, beginning with a created atmosphere of classical organ, followed by a sudden audience-accep-

led change into a progressive rock sanction. This struck me as Good Thunder’s warning to the audience to beware of more surprises, and unexpected changes, and that is exactly what they accomplished. After approximately an hour of refreshing and progressive changes, mature lighting and theatrics, the audience pleaded for an encore. Good Thunder presented their testimony that “hard rock lives" and St. Louis agreed.

Quicksilver seems to be a group that changes their style every time they move into the public eye. Their current style doesn’t seem to appeal to St. Louis. Not only did their musical style change, but the stage presence did as well. On the whole, the audience response was hushed followed by a quiet encore response. The attendants did seem to enjoy the “older” Quicksilver music. Although the audience response wasn’t enthusiastic as I thought it would be, their music did have some drive to it.

Black Oak Anemia

Petite Mary plucked a maple leaf from a tree in old Lady Murphy’s yard. She made love in Mr. Brown’s bushes and gave birth to an oak, a black oak tree in her third story room on Saturday afternoon right before church.

Mary transferred that small oak to a potted vase. She watered it faithfully everyday. On the baby’s first birthday celebration, she planted it in Old Lady Murphy’s yard, right next to father. It had father’s slender build and Mary’s blue eyes. There, the small tree grew tall and watched the world grow around it.

On the black oak’s third birthday, it contacted sickle cell anemia and faultered progressively. Saturday before church, in the third year of its life, the small black oak passed away.

Mary was sad but never missed Saturday evening mass.

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Rivermen to compete in NCAA Midwest Regional

The UMSL Soccer Rivermen have received and accepted an invitation to the NCAA college division Midwest Regional and will meet Akron University in first-round competition at SIU-Edwardsville on Saturday, November 25.

UMSL's announcement of the acceptance to the four-team regional was made by UMSL head coach Don Dallas, who had received the invite from Bob Guelker of SIU-Edwardsville, the Midwest selection committee chairman. Guelker also announced that his Cougars and Eastern Illinois University had accepted bids and would meet in the first-round.

The SIU-Eastern contest will be the second half of a doubleheader on November 25 at SIU. UMSL and Akron will play at noon and the Cougars will meet Eastern at 2:15 p.m. The Rivermen enter the tournament with a 9-1 record, including a 4-1 victory over Eastern and a 2-0 loss to SIU. Akron brings an 8-2-2 record into the regional, while SIU is 7-0-2 and Eastern is 7-2-1.

"An NCAA tournament bid is what we have been working for all season. We did expect to receive the invite, but it's still a fantastic thrill," Dallas said. The NCAA bid was the first ever for a UMSL soccer team. The Rivermen, in their third season as a member of the NCAA college division, have previously received invites for baseball (1971 and 1972), basketball (1972), baseball (1972) and golf (1971 and 1972).

Winner of the UMSL-Akron contest has been designated as the host team for the Midwest championship to be held Saturday, December 2. The Midwest champion will advance to the four-team national championships to be held December 7 and 9 at SIU-Edwardsville.

UMSL enters the tournament as the tenth-ranked team in the country and third-ranked in the Midwest.

"I believe we have enough talent, not only to win the regional, but to win a national title," Dallas projected.

Students retain championship

Physics faculty fields a good team in their bid to regain the Einstein Cup from a spirited Physics student team in the 6th annual game last Friday. The score was tied 12-12 and the students retained possession of the cup.
Get it together.

BOONE’S FARM STRAWBERRY HILL: APPLE WINE & NATURAL STRAWBERRY & OTHER NATURAL FLAVORS. BOONE’S FARM, MODESTO, CALIFORNIA.