by JUDY KLAMON
Current Editor

In a statement issued by Chancellor Glen R. Driscoll, the University of Missouri's admissions policy has been defended in terms of a student's capability of adapting to the established standards of this university. Driscoll said that the decision on the Admissions policy was made after lengthy discussions with appropriate law enforcement authorities any narcotics or dangerous drugs can be found guilty of possessing them.

The admissions policy was adopted because the university thought that it could more accurately predict students' success through use of high school rank and test scores instead of a single criterion as a "composite yardstick." The University of Missouri has taken the position that it should not admit students who do not show a reasonable chance for success. Driscoll indicated that students who are at the lowest percentile rank under the new policy predict a slightly less than one out of two chances for success.

"To admit students who rank and score even lower, and then admit them to be admitting and accepting fee payments under false pretenses," Driscoll said.

However Driscoll commented that there were still a variety of means available through which exceptions to the new policy could be made.

"The policy makes explicit, the opportunity to give special attention to disadvantaged students, veterans, older students, etc."

Driscoll indicated that as a public land-grant institution, the University of Missouri would continue to accept the obligation to do as much for these categories of students as the university's resources permit.

Driscoll brought out in his statement that it would seem inappropriate to change the policy before it had been tried for at least the first year.

Election to be held

The outcome of the referendum has no bearing on the student body elections. The elections will be held April 17-20. The deadline for applications is 3 p.m., April 5. Applications are available at the Information Desk.

Racism is in the mind, educator asserts

By ELLEN COHEN
Current Staff Writer

"You, as a prejudiced white, will change your behavior and attitudes (towards blacks) because something is happening to you. You don't change for the benefit of blacks."

This was the dismal picture that Dr. James Bayton, Professor of Psychology of Howard University, presented to a bi-racial group of adults and young people Saturday, March 18 at a One-Day Conference on the Analysis of Prejudice.

In psychological terms, Bayton described the two forms of motivation involved in solving racial problems: lower order motivation and higher order motivation. Such incidents in the United States racial history as the Birmingham bus strike and Virginia's drastic efforts to avoid school integration provide examples of the impetus of lower order motivation. When white bus companies neared bankruptcy, households lacked their black domesticics, and white children suffered from the locked schoolhouses, then integration was achieved.

"Unfortunately," said Bayton, "people are not approachable on terms of higher order motivation, such as democracy, Christianity, or civil rights. If they were, these circumstances would not exist in the first place."

Once behavior is changed, forcibly or voluntarily, attitudes must and do change. This Bayton describes as a "reality experience."

A manager is under pressure to hire a black accountant. Upon realizing that the new employee is capable and intelligent, the experience will alter many of his preconceived notions and attitudes.

Bayton proceeded to analyze people who are "conformist" to "prejudice" by classifying them into groups. The first group of people are "conformists" who must think and act like the people around them. Much of the prejudicial attitudes and stereotypes are maintained in this stagnating situation. The second and most prevalent group consists of "authoritarian" persons. These people are power oriented and see a world that is rigidly structured in ranks of upper and lower. Bayton describes them as "automaticastic" - they tolerate pressure and degradation from their superiors, while they step on those whom they consider inferior to themselves - usually blacks.

Racial "fanatics," whether black or white, comprise the third group. "With respect to social movements," said Bayton, "no matter which camp the fanatic is found in, he is dangerous to the movement. He gets so obsessed that he loses all touch with the reality of the movement."

A member of the audience asked, "Would you call George Wallace a fanatic?" Amidst chuckles, Bayton replied that he had another category for him. The "manipulator" takes advantage of inflammable issues for political power, of whom George Wallace would be a timely example. Bayton realized that a politician needs to be a manipulator of sorts. But, in reference to the voting issue, he said, "I just hope that they're manipulating on the right side."

Usually, there are some specific psychological barriers that arise in the minds of prejudice people as protection against changing racist attitudes. Rigidity of thought patterns allows them to reject any new or different ideas concerning race. There is an intolerance of ambiguity - the situation must be either black or white. These people do not see themselves as a cause or even participating factor in the race problem, as they are "anti-self analysis." There also exists a feeling of anti-intellectualism, a complete disconcern for learning about the problem and some possible solutions.

Scape-goating is perhaps the most insurmountable psychological barrier of them all. When lower class people have immediate needs, such as food and rent, and cannot economically achieve their goals, then the situation gives rise to frustrations and hostilities. Much racial prejudice is simply displaced hostilities in a tight job market or an insurmountable ghetto neighborhood. Bayton sees the blacks as playing a psycho-therapeutic role for frustrated lower class whites. Yet, what isn't realized is that the white problems are the same as the black problems. Nothing changes for either group.

"Since such psychological barriers exist," concludes Bayton, "it is improbable to believe that attitudes will change with time, and that in the process, neighborhoods and schools will not integrate themselves."
Murray's: “a slice of the good life”

By ROBERT OWEN SLATER
Current Staff Writer

Take the beautifully eccentric and delightful philosophy of Murray Burns, then place them into the movie A Thousand Clowns, add the refreshing idealism of a twenty-six year old psychologist, the thoroughness of a thirty year old electronics engineer and mix well with the love of good food and strong desire for honest entrepreneurship, and what do you get?

Murray's, the new restaurant at 8406 Natural Bridge Road. Murray's, where you can get real Ukrainian black bread, the sweet kind that mells in your mouth, where the German potato salad is really German, the pastrami definitely kosher, the steak juicy and tender, and the French pastry just like they make it in Paris. It's all this and more at Murray's, and at prices that start at reasonable and go down from there.

It started a year ago when its owners Bill Hackett, a psychologist, and John Robertson, an engineer, decided to leave their professions and open a gourmet dessert and sandwich restaurant that would cater to the consumer.

"What we wanted to do," Hackett said, "was to consider quality first and our cost second." The idea was to start with elegant desserts and use the best ice cream we could buy with the best cakes our baker could provide.

Getting a baker was one of their first obstacles.

"No one in town bakes Ukrainian black bread as there is seldom a demand for it in this area," Robertson explained. "As most of our items, it was a specialty and although we had tasted it in small restaurants in Chicago, we knew it was hard to find in St. Louis. The problem was how to make it without the taste or appearance.

"The philosophy behind Murray's is based on that of the character in the movie *A Thousand Clowns.*" Murray Burns was a lovable guy," Hackett said, "he wanted to enjoy the simple pleasures of life without all of the hassles and pre-

tensions that sometimes go with it. He wanted quality in his life and was willing to experiment and take chances to get it. I suppose you could say that he just wanted to be an individual, and that's what we want to be here, individuals."

Like their hero Murray Burns, however, Hackett and Robertson have learned that being different in today's mass world has its drawbacks. In their advertising, for example, they've refused to use flash or gimmicky ads in order to draw attention, but have tended to stick to the more subdued displays hoping that they would become known by the quality of their food and the subsequent "word-of-mouth" advertising of their patrons. As a result, while their business has been steadily growing since they opened two months ago, it's only been a gradual increase. However, while this has caused them some concern at times, it hasn't lessened their expectations.

"I know people will learn about us," Robertson said, "it's just the waiting that sometimes gets to you."

I have to admit that when I first heard of Murray's I was a little skeptical, and wanting to be fair and open-minded about the whole thing I asked Jerry Vishy, Current business manager, to come along. For the uninitiated let me explain: Vishy eats like he's in a marathon. I've never known anybody to eat more food with more relish than he exhibits in the hour-long interview that I had with Hackett and Robertson he managed to devour a Roast Beef Sandwich on a hoey bun (they're not small), a very rich Black Forest Torte, a Peaches 'n' Creams (that's vanilla ice cream covered with Eckert peach slices soaked in Cointreau and covered with mounds of whipped cream), and when I was working on a Strawberry Shortcake. His only comment: "Try it, you'll like it!"

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PERSONAL

Robbie - Don't give up, I still care, C.B.

Daddy Hank, we love you.

- The Current Staff.
The Senate Curriculum committee will be meeting in Room 272U. Center from 12:30 to 3:30.

A Discussion and slide presentation on lead poisoning will start at 12:45 today at the J.C. Penney Bldg. in room 126.

Don't forget the University Senate elections this week and next from 8:00 till 2:00 in the lobbies of the University Center, Clark, Benton and Business 1 Education.

The Program Board will sponsor a concert given by "It is not determined," from 11:30 till 1:30 in the lounge of the University Center Lounge.

A video tape entitled "Great Seconds in Television" will be shown at 11:40 and at 1:40 in 22 J.C. Penney.

The film series of "Elvira Madigan" will be shown at 7:30 and 9:45, 101 Stadler Hall.

Willard Cobb and Deborah Minkin will perform in a recital at 8:00 p.m. in Penney Auditorium.

For more information check at the Information Desk.

The Inter-Greek Council Mixer will be held at 8:00 until 12:00 inroom 123 University Center or more commonly known as the snack area cow pen.

SATURDAY

A foreign language seminar will be held in Penney Aud. from 8:30 till 12:30.

The Communion's Art course will meet in 132 Business Education from 9 a.m. till 12 p.m. "Elvira Madigan" will go through its second showing at 8:30 in Penney Aud.

SUNDAY

The piano and viola will finally get together in a recital in 105 Benton Hall from 8:00 to 10:00.

MONDAY

A Committee on Research Involving Human Subjects will meet from 1:00 till 2:00 in 226 University Center. Bring your scalpels.

Lt. Gov. Morris to speak

UML students will have a chance to question one of the front-running Democratic candidates for Governor Friday, when William S. Morris visits the campus for a tour of newly completed facilities and a conversation with the students.

Morris' first bid for public office came in 1966 when he was elected Public Administrator of Jackson County. In 1968 he received the Democratic nomination for Lt. Governor and subsequently won that election.

Morris has been a proponent of the 18 year old vote, property tax relief for senior citizens, reorganization of state government, and the $150 million dollar water pollution bond program. He is also working toward no-lute auto insurance.

Morris will be on campus beginning at 16:00 p.m. Friday, March 24 and will formally meet with the students at 11:30 in the University Center lobby.

Conference on justice

A major conference on the Role of Volunteers in the Criminal Justice System' will be held Tuesday, April 18, at St. Louis University, 10:30 a.m. to 3:15 p.m.

The purpose of the conference is to introduce college students and prospective volunteers to the many opportunities for service to improve the criminal justice program, and thus reduce recidivism and crime.

Registration for the conference is $2.00, which includes lunch and a kit of materials outlining the varieties of correctional agencies and institutions seeking volunteer assistance, and the needs that they have in the criminal justice field.

Reservations and applications can be sent to the Alliance for Shaping a Safer Community, 186 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo. 63103.

CSA joins consumer affairs

Mr. Walter Helgoth, Director of the newly established Office of Consumer Affairs for the City of St. Louis, has formed a Consumer Coalition to advise his office and to stimulate a working relationship with groups dedicated to the consumer cause. The Center for Student Action has accepted Mr. Helgoths invitation to be a part of the Council.

The Office of Consumer Affairs has severe monetary and staff limitations, (with a budget less than the Centers and a staff composed of a Director, an Investigator, and a Secretary) Since the Office is newly established and has resource limitations, the Center has a great potential in establishing the direction and determining the growth of the Office.

Students who are interested in the development of an effective Consumer Affairs Office for the City of St. Louis are encouraged to contact the Center for Student Action at 361-5173, P.O. Box 8281, St. Louis, Mo. 63108 at 8 N. Euclid, Apt. 2B.

Dr. Jim Wong, chaplain and Secretary of Beta Gamma Sigma, requests all seniors with a cumulative grade point average of 3.2 or better, to submit their names to him for consideration for election into Beta Gamma Sigma, national business honorary society.

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OUR NEXT ISSUE WILL APPEAR APRIL 6.
WE SHALL RETURN AFTER SPRING BREAK.

GIRLS AND GUYS
Reserve Part Time Work As Cashiers, Parking Attendants, and Bus Drivers. Call 429-7100

Li. Gov. Morris to speak

The Self Defense Class of Community will meet at 6:30 in the Recreation Room of the Multi-Purpose bldg.

A Conference on Labor Education will be held in 132 Penney from 7 p.m. until 10 p.m.

The Italian for Travel Course will be held in 303 Benton at 7:30.

"The Prime of Miss Jean Brodie" will be shown at 2:40 and at 8:00 in 101 Stadler Hall.

Make sure and see "Heart of Darkness" in 225 at 3:15 today.

The Auto Mechanics Class will meet at 16:00 in 303 Benton. Furnish your own gress.

The Arts and Science Policy Committee will be "hashing things out" in 215 Clark at 10:00 this morning.

The Veterans Club will meet in 121 J.C. Penney at 10:00.

Marketing Club meets from 12 noon till 1 p.m. in 155 University Center.

The Performing Arts and Cultural Events Committee will meet in 225 at 3:15 today.

The Heating and Air Conditioning Course will meet at 7 p.m. in 126 J.C. Penney.

Auto Mechanics will also meet at 7 p.m. in 403 Benton.

Meteorology and Aviation will be flying high in 309 Benton at 7 p.m.

The Itha Yoga Class will meet in the Wrestling room of the Multi-Purpose Bldg. at 8:30 p.m.

Community will also be sponsoring "Diabolique" in 303 Benton for all of you tired overworked students at 7:30 p.m.

Film Series: "Diallogue" will be shown at 3:00 and at 8:00 in Penney Aud.

Have a Spiffy Spring Break!

UNIVERSITY BOOKSTORE
Special Easter Break Schedule
March 28-30 8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M.
March 31 CLOSED
April 1-2 CLOSED
April 3-4 8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M.

A REMINDER:

The Bookstore is in the process of making Winter semester book returns to selected publishers. Don't get caught by non-delays caused by Special Ordering. Buy your books now while they are still in stock.

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Dear Editor,

It has recently come to our attention in a very personal way that the referendum on student government constituted nothing short of a farce. We hereby lodge formal protest against the manner in which this referendum was conducted. We ask that you consider the following:

1. The referendum involved a choice. The student body had the choice of electing a new constitution for the student government and defeating the incumbent constitution, or vice versa. Therefore we feel that this referendum can only come under the definition of an election.

2. Furthermore, the product of the work of the Commission on Student Governance was not submitted to the Central Council for an election in 1970. It was simply announced to the student body. Then, again according to the dictionary definition of "referendum", this so-called referendum could have not been in any sense of the word, a true referendum.

3. Granted, then, that the March 7-10 referendum can only be considered a sham, I would like to refer you to the Bylaws for Student Elections adopted April 10, 1970, in the following items:

The appointments and elections committee had nothing to do with the referendum on student governance (we have witnesses). Article 6, section A: All persons working voting booths were unauthorized and, in fact, many of them were campaigning for the new constitution. These people may have greatly influenced the outcome. (We have documented evidence in the form of time-stamped photographs).

4. We feel that the "Vote YES" sign on the Central Council office window, in fact, was not fraudulent and illegal campaigning and that it may have had a great influence on the outcome of the election. We feel that it misrepresented us and the Central Council, as a whole. It was not approved by the Central Council, nor by the executive committee of the Central Council. Constitutionally, there is no such thing as an executive order which is approved by a referendum or by the student body.

We feel that you should consider the following:

Dale E. Cheswiek, former chairman of the Appointments and Elections Committee, Central Council

Dear Editor,

In the past few weeks we have been watching the Current in an article. In that article you stated the Current was a school newspaper and you refused to serve the interests of any organization. In a later article you said, "it must provide coverage of all news that concern the UMSL student body and the faculty," if you don't then you are not capable of this task.

We have reached such evolutionary heights of the real issue. Is life so mean to the life inside a woman, but be just as alive as we who have graduated from that stage. How can one who does not agree with the restrictions established in our housing out just because the people are not the reasons will be quite clear.

There are several good examples of your inability to keep your petty opinions on the front page. The article which reported on a demonstration against the new admissions policy in an example. This letter will be specifically titled "Dors Bass divides class and teacher." (Appeared in Current October 4, 1972.)

...continue reading this article...
The ABC's of Women's Lib
Part two of a continuing series

Most women in society work, whether or not the society labels it as such. Thus women's functions have always been work of women both in and outside the home. This work of women both in and outside the home is crucial to the maintenance of our society. Millions of women spend every day scrubbing, washing, diapering, cooking, ironing etc. These tasks are termed 'labor of love', but they constitute work--work which is not only important, but necessary.

Work in the home provides for the basic needs of any society. Women--by necessity--are the workers of the world in the home environment. The housewife provides for the home so that society can function. She does not just 'cook' meals, she is the major one who pays the bills. She is the major one who provides the transportation. And she is the major one who runs the washing machine, the dryer that makes clothes clean, etc.

Most women work in white collar jobs, jobs which relate to their domestic role--jobs in the clothing industry, or in jobs that are not new, but have not been previously sex-classified--typing is a good example of this. Prior to the invention of the typewriter, clerical jobs were generally held by men. But typing from the very beginning was classified as a "female" job (98% of all typists and secretaries are women).

In the U.S. today, women are found almost entirely in jobs which are the workplace counterpart to their traditional family role: women secretaries work as assistants to men, while most other women work in jobs involving the socialization of children (teaching), caring for human needs (nurses and other workers), provision of consumer goods and services (sewing machine operators and waitresses). Such jobs tend to be insecure, non-union, and pay less than jobs held by men with similar education or skill levels.

ECONOMIC NECESSITY

Women have found the labor force at such an increased rate, not to compensate for a labor shortage, but to provide additional income for their families. And this additional income is needed by their families as a result of the recessions in the 1950's and the inflation of the 1960's, as well as the rising taxes. It is economic necessity that is responsible for the increased women workers. Women are used to provide a cheaper labor pool which is not only in jobs, but in education as well. As a result of women being channeled into low-paying jobs and unequal pay for the same work, the median income of women is far less than that of men workers. Department of labor statistics since 1965 show the following median incomes: White men, $6,375; Black men, $4,800; White women, $3,744; Black women, $2,642. And regardless of unionization, there is a difference in pay for the same job. The median income of women is 60% of the median income of men.

FALLACIES WIDESPREAD

Several reasons have been offered in an attempt to justify the inequalities which have been discussed above. They look at them and will show that they do not hold up.

1) Women are bad hiring risks since they quit to marry and have children. But the statistics in the first section of this article show that this is not true--to remind ourselves, 66% of all women in the labor force are married, and 1/3 of all mothers work. 2) Women miss more work than men. However, a 1968 Public Health Survey shows that women lost an average of 5.3 days of work that year due to illness or injury as compared to 5.4 for men. 3) Women are pin-money workers—they don't really need the money. The facts show this too is false. 40% of single, divorced, widowed, or separated working women are their own sole support. 60% of married working women need work to give their families total incomes of at least $7,000. 4) Women are incompetent. It is interesting that should be offered as a justification for discrimination against women outside the home while at the same time women are given almost sole responsibility for rearing children and caring for human needs in the home. Hardly a task for incompetent people.

What then are the real reasons for the exploitation of women work? We think that the exploitation of women workers stems fundamentally from the subordinate role they play in society as a whole and from the assumptions about women's role, which follow from this oppression in the home. Male chauvinist attitudes are reinforced by the fact that nearly all jobs where they would be in competition with men specifically, where they might be supervising men.

CHEAP LABOR POOL

Women are used to provide a cheap labor pool. This harms men and women workers since it keeps the wages of all working people down. And unemployed women provide an excuse for a labor pool which
Charles Simic to read his poetry at UMSL

Charles Simic, perhaps the most up and coming young poet in the U.S., will read his poems here at UMSL on April 7 at 12:40 in 126 J. C. Penney. Simic is the author of three books of poems: What the Grass Says (1967), Somewhere Among Us a Stone is Taking Notes (1969), and Dismantling the Silence (1971). He has also translated three books of Yugoslavian poetry and his own poetry has been included in several anthologies, including the Young American Poets.

Yugoslavian by birth, Simic is presently teaching at California State College. At 26 years old, his latest book, Dismantling the Silence, is already in its second printing.

Simic's poems are remarkable in their ability to express the complex in apparently simple ways. Each poem is like a small fable, and almost all are immediately accessible to the reader or listener.

Simic has followed the lead of W. S. Merwin in guiding American poetry from the outside to the inside. One of his poems is about explorers who "arrive inside the object at evening?" Other poems explore the archetypes behind objects, such as Knife (Father-confessor/Of the fat hen/On the red altar/Of its throat), Fork (a bird's foot/Worn around the cannibal's neck), or Needle (the straw/From the nest/Where the blind-f Lodged hand of your mother/She ters her eggs.)

Other poems include a Bestiary for Fingers of My Right Hand and several "Invention" poems Invention of the Knife, Invention of the Invisible, Invention of the Hat.

Charles Simic is accepted by most people to be the most up and coming young poet of his time. His reading promises to be one of the best ever held at UMSL.

Miguel Rubio visiting UMSL

by CHARLES BALDWIN
Current Fine Arts Editor

Classical guitar is not something that people can just go see any day of the week. Good classical guitar is even more difficult to come by in such cities as Paris, Rome, and Lisbon.

Miguel Rubio is presently teaching at the School of Guitar there, during the summer months when he is not teaching in Switzerland. Rubio will present his concert on March 29 at 8:30 p.m. in the J. C. Penney Auditorium. Tickets will be $2.00 for UMSL community and $3.00 for others.

Vanguard to perform

Traveling across the width of the state to get here, the Missouri Vanguard Theatre will arrive at UMSL Monday in preparation for their performance that night of Moliere's Tartuffe. There will only be one performance at 8:00 P.M. in the J. C. Penney Auditorium.

Sponsored here by the UMSL Committee for the Performing Arts and Cultural Events, the Vanguard Theatre is an extension of the Missouri Repertory Theatre, the resident professional company of the University of Missouri at Kansas City. The touring group is currently performing all over the state, particularly in small communities and towns that are not fortunate enough to be exposed to professional theatre on a regular basis.

Tartuffe is a humorous attack on false piety. The play has endured over 300 years of critical acclaim, exempting the years it was banned in France by religious zealots.

William Glover will be directing the play, which features John Q. Bruce, Jr. as Tartuffe. Bruce is a six year veteran of the Repertory Theatre. Orgon, his principal victim, is played by Al Christy. Tickets with a UMSL I.D. are $1.00. Others are $2.00.
Baseball Rivermen launch 34-game schedule

continued from page 8

men would play an exciting brand of baseball this year, adding that fans are bored by slow games "where the pitchers take an hour between pitches."

As for pitching, Copeland said, "Some scouts for the Philadelphia Phillies sat in on one of our practices the other day. They said they were impressed by our pitchers."

The probable starting lineup when the Rivermen open their season March 28 at Shreveport, Louisiana, will have senior Ron Przada at catcher; junior Joe Muich at first base; junior Brad Beckwith at second; senior Joe Tusinski in center; and junior Jim Fleming at third; junior Frank Tusinski in left field; junior Tom Edgar behind the plate; junior Louis Edgar at third; junior Frank Tusinski in center; and junior Jim Tusinski in left field; junior Tom Edgar behind the plate; junior Louis Edgar at third; junior Frank Tusinski in center; and junior Jim Tusinski in left field.

They were impressed by our pitching this year, adding insofar as calling pitches, but he..." as the text is cut off.

The first three spots in the pitching rotation are fairly set, with Dale Westerholt bulwarking the rotation are fairly set, with Dale Westerholt bulwarking the pitching staff. But the fourth and fifth spots are at present up for grabs. "We're hoping to be pleasantly surprised by Gary Price," he added.

The 1972 Rivermen, largely veterans of last season's 14-16 edition, will embark upon a 34-game schedule -- including 11 doubleheaders -- that begins with the six-team Centenary Invitational Tournament in Shreveport. UMSL's home opener will be April 1 against Moorhead State (Minnesota), one of nine new opponents this season.

All home games will be played at Forestwood Park in Ferguson. Overall, Copeland is optimistic about this year's team. "The experience and the talent is there," he said. "Our players have shown confidence in themselves in our early practices and I believe we will be very tough."

"We were a very young team last year and bad weather caused some problems in getting prepared. But come rain or cold weather we will be ready this year."

The new indoor batting cage and pitching machine have been helpful in getting the team prepared. Consistency is another goal for this year's squad.

"We hope to be in the game against everyone we play," Copeland said.

The probable starting lineup will be:

**Tuesday March 28** Southwest Missouri St. 3:30 p.m.
**Wednesday March 29** Indiana St. 12:30 p.m.
**Thursday March 30** Northeast Louisiana 12:30 p.m.
**Friday March 31** Centenary 12:30 p.m.
**Saturday April 1** Moorhead State (2) 1:00 p.m.
**Tuesday April 4** St. Louis University 3:30 p.m.
**Wednesday April 5** SIU-Edwardsville 3:30 p.m.
**Thursday April 6** U. of Wisconsin-Milwaukee (2) 1:00 p.m.
**Friday April 7** Washington University 3:30 p.m.
**Saturday April 8** Southeast Mo. State (2) 1:00 p.m.
**Tuesday April 11** Principia 3:30 p.m.
**Wednesday April 12** U. of Missouri-Rolla (2) 2:00 p.m.
**Thursday April 13** Indiana State-Evansville (2) 1:00 p.m.
**Friday April 14** Western Illinois 3:30 p.m.
**Saturday April 15** Western Illinois (2) 1:00 p.m.
**Monday May 1** MacMurray (2) 1:00 p.m.
**Tuesday May 2** Washington University 3:30 p.m.
**Wednesday May 3** Culver Stockton (2) 1:00 p.m.
**Saturday May 6** McKendree (2) 1:00 p.m.
**Wednesday May 7** Principia 3:30 p.m.
**Saturday May 20** Southeast Mo. State (2) 1:00 p.m.
**Thursday through Saturday, May 25-27, NCAA Playoffs**

Away games:

**Centenary Invitational Baseball Tournament**
#Home games (all played at Forestwood Park in Ferguson)

1972 Rivermen Baseball Schedule

*Away games
**Centenary Invitational Baseball Tournament

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Roanoke juggernaut dooms Cinderella Rivermen

By MATT MATTINGLY
Current Sports Editor

UMSL’s bruising triumph over Lincoln University in the finals of the Midwest Regional proved to have been a very Pyrrhic victory, as the battered Rivermen were no match for the sharp-shooting Maroons of Roanoke College of Salem, Virginia, in the quarterfinals of the NCAA College Division championship tournament in Evansville, Indiana, last week.

It was nice while it lasted, but it must be some small consolation, at least, to have been eliminated by the team that was to win it all. The surprising Maroons must have been inspired by their 94-69 drubbing of the Rivermen, even as they expected more of a battle. Roanoke went on to upset fourth-ranked Eastern Michigan 99-73, in the semi-finals. The finals pitted the dark-horse entry against Akron, victor over first-ranked Tennessee State the previous night—and Akron came out second-best.

The Rivermen were in the game for the first seven minutes after which Roanoke proceeded to put the game away, almost before anyone really realized what was happening.

The Maroons surged to a 20-10 lead with 13:18 remaining in the first half, and continued to fatten their margin. Enjoying a 46-31 advantage at intermission, Roanoke returned in the second half to take up where they had left off. After the Maroons had widened the chasm to 63-37 with 12:45 to go, it became obvious that the Rivermen could not come back, so Coach Chuck Smith inserted his substitutes. But not even the efforts of the subs could avert the inevitable.

Mark Bernsen, coming off his hot performance in the Midwest Regional, led the Rivermen with 18 points. Ranking third in the balloting for the NCAA College Division All-Missouri team, he finished his career with 980 career points, ten short of the coveted 1000-point plateau.

Jim Bufford tossed in 14, while Ron Carthumb and Glen "Doody" Rohn added 8 points apiece. Greg Daust, also named to the All-Missouri squad and recipient of All-America honors, managed 7.

Shooting barely 36% from the field, UMSL was no match for Roanoke’s snipers, who fired better than 59% from the field. Five Maroon players hit in double figures, with Hal Johnston’s 21 points leading all scorers. Johnston’s patented long jump shot riddled the UMSL defense throughout the contest.

Jay Piccola logged 17 points; Everett Hurst, 17; Beatty Barnes, 11; and Dick Adams, 10.

Roanoke outscored the Rivermen, 54-48, taking advantage of Greg Daust’s hobbled condition to dominate the boards. Daust and Rohn grabbed 11 caroms apiece, but they were matched by Barnes and Piccola; Hurst also had 10 for the Maroons.

The Maroons led in assists, 29-6; they even led in fouls, 23-17, but Adams’ fifth foul with less than a minute to go was really anti-climactic.

Coach Smith was philosophical in the aftermath of Roanoke’s championship.

“We weren’t really sure at the start of the season just how far we could go,” he explained. “We knew it would depend on whether Greg (Daust) could keep playing.

“Greg’s knee held up, and Mark (Bernsen) had such a beautiful season, and the other starters did so much better than they had last season.”

Daust had been in obvious pain throughout the Lincoln game, but he could hardly move against Roanoke.

“Every time we’d have a huddle,” Smith said, “we’d all see Greg grimacing, the pain was so bad. By the second half it was obvious we couldn’t come back—they were leading us by 25 points—so I let him sit out the rest of the game on the bench.”

Smith is already faced with the prospect of replacing his seven-senioring seniors. He was particularly impressed by Charlie McFerren’s performance during the season, which may have won him a starting role for next year.

“We’re going to have a very strong team next year,” he predicted, “we’ll have a good shot at the varsity next season.” Smith contended.

“At the moment, though, we see the team as being wide open.

“Unlike the junior varsity...” Smith said, “we’d improve tremendously, or we have a successful recruiting effort, I see next season as a building year.”

And how do you top a 21-6 season and the Midwest championship?