## INTERNAL AUDIT SERVICES IT AUDIT Type and Control Objectives Overview

	IT AUDIT TYPE				
CONTROL OBJECTIVES SECTION	GENERAL	PRE-IMPLEMENTATION	POST-IMPLEMENTATION	TECHNICAL	
Security - controls to prevent unauthorized access to data, systems, processes and equipment.	Security	Security	Security	Security	
Change Control- movement of application design or changes from development to test to production with authorized sign-off at each step.	Change Control	Change Control	Change Control	Change Control	
Project Management- monitoring of time, resources, scope, costs and quality to ensure developed project meets user expectations.		Project Management		Project Management	
Input/Processing/Output- appropriate data integrity controls are in place for system inputs, processing, and outputs.		Input-Processing/Output	Input-Processing/Output		
Interfaces- identification, tracking, monitoring, and corrective actions to ensure data is sent and received as designed.		Interfaces	Interfaces	Interfaces	
<b>System Testing-</b> unit and integrated testing of application functionality.		System Testing	System Testing		
<b>Data Conversion-</b> identified legacy system or manual information data requirements to be converted/updated to the new system on a timely and accurate basis.		Data Conversion			
Change Management-process of informing the users and management of new system functionality and progress of development activities (i.e. walk-throughs, newsletters, meetings.)		Change Management			
<b>Training</b> -information given to the user on system functionality to allow the use of the new system. Training should be timely and appropriate for user needs.		Training		Training	
Reports-systematic process to identify required reports that have been reviewed and approved by appropriate user(s).	Reports	Reports	Reports	Reports	
<b>Documentation</b> -procedures, processes and flowcharts defining the application or system.	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	Documentation	
Information Retention-controls to ensure information is properly maintained for business and fiduciary purposes.	Information Retention	Information Retention	Information Retention	Information Retention	
Backup and Recover- controls to ensure application and operating system software data files are recoverable on a timely basis.	Backup and Recovery	Backup and Recovery	Backup and Recovery	Backup and Recovery	
Disaster Recovery Planning (DRP)-plans, prepared, tested, and regularly updated for the recovery of automated systems.	Disaster Recovery	Disaster Recovery	Disaster Recovery	Disaster Recovery	

Business Resumption Planning (BRP)-plans prepared, tested	Business Resumption	Business Resumption	Business Resumption	Business Resumption
and regularly updated to continue operations in a manual mode				
until automated systems are restored.				